

How to make advanced packages

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Workshop on
Reproducible Software Environments
Montpellier

<https://hpc.guix.info>



A pedestrian journey toward G-expressions and Schemey-way

- ▶ The aim is to provide some “helpers”,
- ▶ For easing the reading of Guix manual and source code.

1 Introduction

2 Scheme/Guile Swiss-knife toolbox

3 origin field

4 Arguments

5 Questions

Preliminary I

how to connect using ssh on VM

① Local file: ~/.ssh/config

```
Host bastion
```

```
  Hostname repro-guix.u-ga.fr
```

```
  User user_1 # or user_2 or user_3 or user_4
```

```
  StrictHostKeyChecking no
```

```
  IdentityFile ~/.ssh/stournier
```

```
Host repro-guix*
```

```
  User user_1 # same as previously
```

```
  ProxyCommand ssh bastion -W %h:22
```

Preliminary I bis

how to connect using ssh on VM

- 1 Create a SSH key for the session (here `~/.ssh/stournier`, pick your name)
`ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -f ~/.ssh/stournier`
- 2 Copy the public SSH key
`cat ~/.ssh/stournier.pub | ssh bastion 'cat >> .ssh/authorized_keys'`
- 3 Start your editor (VSCoDe or Emacs via Tramp or else)

Or just connect to one VM, then start Emacs in text mode:

```
guix shell emacs-minimal -- emacs -f shell
```

Preliminary II

- 1 Clone Git repository: `https://gitlab.com/zimoun/advanced-packages-2023`
- 2 Start a terminal

```
$ guix show -L examples/packages hi
```

```
$ guix build -L examples/packages hi
```

```
$ guix build -L examples/packages hi --no-grafts --check -K
```

```
$ guix edit -L $(pwd)/examples/packages hi
```

```
workaround VSCode: EDITOR=./vscode-wrapper guix edit
```

```
Plain text: EDITOR=less guix edit
```

Defining Packages: key points

file: `examples/packages/first.scm`

`define-module` Create a Guile module

`#:use-module` List the modules required for Guile *compiling* the recipe

`define-public` Define and export

`package` Object representing a package (Scheme record)

`name` The string we prefer

`version` A string that makes sense

`source` Define where to fetch the source code

`build-system` Define how to build

`arguments` The arguments for the build system

`inputs` List the other package dependencies

```
guix repl -L examples/packages
```

Package from guix repl

Recommendation for the file `~/.guile`

```
(use-modules (ice-9 readline)          ;; package guile-readline, guile?
             (ice-9 format)
             (ice-9 pretty-print))
(activate-readline)
```

- 1 Type `hi` then `,q`
- 2 Type `(use-modules (first))` (or `,use(first)`) and again `hi`
- 3 Try `(package-name hi)` then `,use(guix packages)` (or `,use(guix)`) and repeat

Two names: the Scheme variable and the string.

- 1 How to display the version?
- 2 Try `(package-inputs hi)`

Examples of packages

```
$ guix edit gsl
$ guix edit r-torch
```

What does it mean?

keyword define-public, let, lambda

record package

convention %something, something?, something*

symbol quote ('), backtick (`), comma (,), comma at (,@), underscore (_)

G-expressions: #~ or # \$

First things first

S-expression: atom or expression of the form (x y ...)

atom: +, *, list, etc.

expression: (list 'one 2 "three")

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Call (evaluation) with parenthesis

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`(list 'one 2 "three")` returns the list composed by the elements `(one 2 "three")`

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Quote protects from the call (do not evaluate)

e.g., `'one` returns plain `one`

e.g., `'(list one 2 "three")` returns `(list 'one 2 "three")`

`'(list 'one 2 "three")` returns `(list (quote one) 2 "three")`

Second thing second

```
variable (define some-variable 42)
procedure (lambda (argument) (something argument))
```

Define a procedure

```
(define my-name-procedure
  (lambda (argument1 argument2)
    (something-with argument1)))
```

```
(define (my-name-procedure argument1 argument2)
  (something-with argument1))
```

Call (my-name-procedure 1 "two")

define-public is sugar to define and export (see « [Creating Guile Modules \(link\)](#) »)

Local variables

= let

Independent local variables

```
(define (add-plus-2 x y)
  (let ((two 2)
        (x+y (+ x y)))
    (+ x+y two)))
```

Inter-dependant local variables

```
(define (add-plus-2-bis x y)
  (let* ((two 2)
         (x+two (+ x two))
         (result (+ y x+two)))
    result))
```

Local variables: example

seen in package `julia-biogenerics`

```
(define-public julia-biogenerics
  (let ((commit "a75abaf459250e2b5e22b4d9adf25fd36d2acab6")
        (revision "1"))
    (package
      (name "julia-biogenerics")
      (version (git-version "0.0.0" revision commit))
      ...
```

Conventions

`predicate` ends with question mark (?), return boolean (#t or #f
note: #true or #false works too)
e.g., `(string-prefix? "hello" "hello-world")`

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lambda* more argument

```
(lambda* (:key inputs #:allow-other-keys)
  (setenv "CONFIG_SHELL"
    (search-input-file inputs "/bin/sh")))
```

;; seen in package frama-c

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keyword starts with sharp colon (#:) e.g., #:key, #:configure-flags, #:phases

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keyword starts with sharp colon (#:) e.g., #:key, #:configure-flags, #:phases

“global” starts with percent (%) e.g., %standard-phases

Quote, quasiquote, unquote

`quote` do not evaluate (keep as it is)
`quasiquote` unevaluate except escaped
`unquote` evaluate that escaped

`quote` `'`
`backtick` ```
`coma` `,`

```
guix repl
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```
guix repl
```

1 Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (define ho "path/to/ho")  
scheme@(guix-user)> (string-append ho "/bin/bye")  
scheme@(guix-user)> `(string-append ho "/bin/bye")  
scheme@(guix-user)> `(string-append ,ho "/bin/bye")
```

Quote, quasiquote, unquote

<code>quote</code>	do not evaluate (keep as it is)	<code>quote</code>	'
<code>quasiquote</code>	unevaluate except escaped	backtick	`
<code>unquote</code>	evaluate that escaped	coma	,

```
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scheme@(guix-user)> `(string-append ,ho "/bin/bye")
```

2 Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $4 (interaction-environment))
```

Quote, quasiquote, unquote

<code>quote</code>	do not evaluate (keep as it is)	<code>quote</code>	<code>'</code>
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<code>unquote</code>	evaluate that escaped	comma	<code>,</code>

```
guix repl
```

1 Type

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scheme@(guix-user)> (define ho "path/to/ho")
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scheme@(guix-user)> `(string-append ,ho "/bin/bye")
```

2 Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (eval $4 (interaction-environment))
```

construction-time vs eval-time

Quote, quasiquote, unquote II

splicing

`unquote-splicing` as `unquote` and insert the elements

comma-at `,@`

the expression must evaluate to a list

1 Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (define of (list #:vegetable 'tomatoes
                                     #:dessert (list "cake" "pie")))
scheme@(guix-user)> `(more ,@of that)
scheme@(guix-user)> `(more ,of that)
```

Quote, quasiquote, unquote II bis

splicing

```
(arguments
  `(,@(package-arguments gsl)
    #:configure-flags (list "--disable-shared")
    #:make-flags (list "CFLAGS=-fPIC")))
;; seen in package gsl-static
```

① Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> ,use(gnu packages maths)
scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp (package-arguments gsl)
scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp `(,@(package-arguments gsl)
                          #:configure-flags (list "--disable-shared")
                          #:make-flags (list "CFLAGS=-fPIC"))
```


Quote, quasiquote, unquote III

digression

substitute-keyword-arguments substitutes keyword arguments

```
(arguments
 (substitute-keyword-arguments (package-arguments hdf4)
  ((#:configure-flags flags) `(cons* "--disable-netcdf" ,flags))))
;; seen in package hdf4-alt
```

Quote, quasiquote, unquote III

digression

substitute-keyword-arguments substitutes keyword arguments

```
(arguments
 (substitute-keyword-arguments (package-arguments hdf4)
  ((#:configure-flags flags) `(cons* "--disable-netcdf" ,flags))))
;; seen in package hdf4-alt
```

```
① scheme@(guix-user)> ,use(srffi srffi-1)
scheme@(guix-user)> ,pp (lset-difference equal?
 (substitute-keyword-arguments (package-arguments hdf4)
  ((#:configure-flags flags) `(cons* "--disable-netcdf" ,flags)))
 (package-arguments hdf4))
$1 = ((cons* "--disable-netcdf" (list "--enable-shared" "FCFLAGS=-follow-arg-
      "FFLAGS=-follow-argument-mismatch"
      "--enable-hdf4-udr")))
```

Association list

(*alist*) association list = list of pairs (this . that)

think: (list (key1 . value1) (key2 . value2) ...)

1 Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (define alst (list '(a . 1) '(2 . 3) '("foo" . v)))  
scheme@(guix-user)> (assoc-ref alst "foo")  
scheme@(guix-user)> (assoc-ref alst 'a)
```

2 Type

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (assoc-ref (package-inputs hi) "gawk")
```

Ready?

seen in package feedgnuplot

```
1 (add-after 'install 'wrap
2   (lambda* (#:key inputs outputs #:allow-other-keys)
3     (let* ((out (assoc-ref outputs "out"))
4            (gnuplot (search-input-file inputs "/bin/gnuplot"))
5            (modules '("perl-list-moreutils" "perl-exporter-tiny"))
6            (PERL5LIB (string-join
7                      (map (lambda (input)
8                          (string-append (assoc-ref inputs input)
9                                          "/lib/perl5/site_perl"))
10                       modules)
11                      ":"))
12      (wrap-program (string-append out "/bin/feedgnuplot")
13        `("PERL5LIB" ":" suffix (,PERL5LIB))
14        `("PATH" ":" suffix (,(dirname gnuplot))))))
```

Let build something!

Before, we need to fetch something, isn't it?

origin field

seen in package feedgnuplot

```
(source (origin
  (method git-fetch)
  (uri (git-reference
    (url home-page)
    (commit (string-append "v" version))))
  (file-name (git-file-name name version))
  (sha256
    (base32
      "0403hwljan2s431m36qdzcczhvfjvh7128m64hmmwbbbrgh0n7md7")))))
```

Defining origin

origin Object representing a source code (data) (Scheme record)

method How to fetch

uri Where to fetch

sha256 Checksum, see `guix hash`

- 1 Remember the package `hi`

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (package-source hi)
```

- 2 Compare `feedgnuplot` (from module `(gnu packages maths)`)

```
scheme@(guix-user)> (package-source feedgnuplot)
```

- 3 Another terminal, compare

```
$ guix build -L examples/packages hi --source
```

```
$ guix build -L examples/packages feedgnuplot --source
```

Defining origin II

more method

fixed-output derivation = content known in advance

- ▶ `url-fetch` fetches data from URL (= a string or a list of strings)
module (guix download)

see `origin Reference (link)` in Guix manual

Defining origin II

more method

fixed-output derivation = content known in advance

- ▶ `url-fetch` fetches data from URL (= a string or a list of strings)
module (guix download)
- ▶ `git-fetch` fetches a git-reference object
module (guix git-download)

see `origin Reference (link)` in Guix manual

Defining origin II

more method

fixed-output derivation = content known in advance

- ▶ `url-fetch` fetches data from URL (= a string or a list of strings)
module (guix download)
- ▶ `git-fetch` fetches a git-reference object
module (guix git-download)
- ▶ `hg-fetch` fetches a hg-reference object
module (guix hg-download)
- ▶ `svn-fetch` fetches a svn-reference object
module (guix svn-download)
- ▶ etc.

see origin Reference (link) in Guix manual

Modifying origin

- 1 Fetch the source code of the package gecode

```
$ guix build gecode --source
```

Modifying origin

- 1 Fetch the source code of the package `gecode`

```
$ guix build gecode --source
```

- 2 Show what `git-fetch` does behind the scene

```
$ ./examples/scripts/show-me-fetch.scm gecode
```

```
$ eval $(./examples/scripts/show-me-fetch.scm gecode)
```

Modifying origin

- 1 Fetch the source code of the package `gecode`

```
$ guix build gecode --source
```

- 2 Show what `git-fetch` does behind the scene

```
$ ./examples/scripts/show-me-fetch.scm gecode
```

```
$ eval $(./examples/scripts/show-me-fetch.scm gecode)
```

- 3 Compare both

```
$ diff -rq /tmp/gecode $(guix build gecode -S)
```

Modifying origin

- 1 Fetch the source code of the package `gecode`

```
$ guix build gecode --source
```

- 2 Show what `git-fetch` does behind the scene

```
$ ./examples/scripts/show-me-fetch.scm gecode
```

```
$ eval $(./examples/scripts/show-me-fetch.scm gecode)
```

- 3 Compare both

```
$ diff -rq /tmp/gecode $(guix build gecode -S)
```

how to remove these files?

Modifying origin II

① Compare both

```
$ diff -rq /tmp/gecode $(guix build gecode -S)
```

② Another comparison

```
$ guix hash -S nar -f base32-nix -H sha256 -x $(guix build -S gecode)
```

```
$ guix hash -S nar -f base32-nix -H sha256 -x /tmp/gecode
```

```
$ rm /tmp/gecode/gecode/kernel/var-{imp,type}.hpp
```

```
$ guix hash -S nar -f nix-base32 -H sha256 -x /tmp/gecode
```

how to remove these files?

Modifying origin III

snippet

A S-expression (or G-expression) that will be run in the source directory

```
(origin
...
  (snippet
    '(begin
      ;; delete generated sources
      (for-each delete-file
        ('("gecode/kernel/var-imp.hpp"
          "gecode/kernel/var-type.hpp")))))
```

patches vs snippet: it depends on

Look at the module (`guix builds utils`) for helpers as `delete-file-recursively`, etc.

Pass arguments to the build system

```
(arguments
  (list #:configure-flags
        #~(list "--enable-dynamic-build"
                #$(if (target-x86?)
                      #~("--enable-vector-intrinsics=sse")
                      #~())
                "--enable-ldim-alignment")
        #:make-flags #~(list "FC=gfortran -fPIC")
        #:phases
        #~(modify-phases %standard-phases
```

`#:configure-flags` is keyword.
What is `#~` or `#$@`?

G-expression

Remember quasiquote and unquote?

- #~ is similar as ``` with context (host machine, store state, etc.)
- #\$ is similar as `,` with context
- #\$@ is similar as `,@` with context

```
#~(string-append #$hello "/some/string")  
      "means"
```

```
"/gnu/store/8bzzc70vgzdvj6qdzhdpd709m4y2kw7z-hello-2.12.1/some/string"
```

<https://simon.tournier.info/posts/2023-11-02-gexp-intuition.html>

G-expression II

```
(replace 'install
  (lambda* (:key outputs #:allow-other-keys)
    (mkdir-p (string-append #$output "/bin")))
    (chmod "BQN" #o755)
    (rename-file "BQN" "bqn")
    (install-file "bqn" (string-append #$output "/bin"))))
```

Phases %standard-phases

%standard-phases is defined build system by build system

```
$ ./examples/scripts/compare-bs-phases.scm gnu python
```



Phases %standard-phases

%standard-phases is defined build system by build system

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$ ./examples/scripts/compare-bs-phases.scm gnu python
```

Phases

- ① 'configure
- ② 'build
- ③ 'install
- ④ 'check
- ⑤ etc.

Phases %standard-phases

%standard-phases is defined build system by build system

```
$ ./examples/scripts/compare-bs-phases.scm gnu python
```

Phases

- 1 'configure
- 2 'build
- 3 'install
- 4 'check
- 5 etc.

Actions

- 1 replace
- 2 delete
- 3 add-before
- 4 add-after

Phases %standard-phases II

```
(arguments
 (list
  #:phases
  #~(modify-phases %standard-phases
    (delete 'configure)
    (add-before 'build 'set-prefix-in-makefile
      (lambda* (#:key inputs #:allow-other-keys)
        (substitute* "Makefile"
          (("PREFIX =.*")
           (string-append "PREFIX = " #$output "\n"))
          (("XMLLINT =.*")
           (string-append "XMLLINT = "
                          (search-input-file inputs "/bin/xmllint")
                          "\n")))))))))))
```

Phases %standard-phases III

```
(arguments
  (if (not (target-x86-64?))
      ;; This test is only broken when using openblas, not openblas-ilp64.
      (list
        #:phases
        #~(modify-phases %standard-phases
              (add-after 'unpack 'adjust-tests
                (lambda _
                  (substitute* "test/test_layoutarray.jl"
                    (("test all\\(B)") "test_broken all(B))))))
          ' ()))
      ;; see in julia-arraylayouts
```


Resources (links)

[Talk](#) « A tour of the Guix source tree » (video 40min)

[Talk](#) « Introduction to G-Expressions » (video 30min)

self-promotion

<https://simon.tournier.info/posts/>

[Post](#) « Automatic differentiation by dual numbers using Guile »

[Post](#) « From naive to rough intuition about G-expression »

[Post](#) « Quasiquote and G-expression: Fibonacci sequence using derivations »

Packaging = practise and practise again

If I might,

- ① Dive into existing packages and deal with Guix manual and community.
- ② Most of the “tricks” is about a lot of practise. Quoting rekado,

I wish I had anything to say about this other than:
“try again, give up, forget about it, remember it, ask for pointers, repeat”
#guix-hpc on 2023-10-13.

do not forget that packaging is a craft

Hope to discuss your patches soon :-)

zimoun on #guix or #guix-hpc libera.chat

guix-science@gnu.org

mattermost.univ-nantes.fr guix-devel@gnu.org

guix-patches@gnu.org



CaféGuix

<https://hpc.guix.info>

```
$ ./etc/teams.scm list-members mentors  
( <paren@disroot.org>  
Christopher Baines <guix@cbaines.net>  
Ludovic Courtès <ludo@gnu.org>  
Mathieu Othacehe <othacehe@gnu.org>  
Raghav Gururajan <rg@raghavgururajan.name>  
Ricardo Wurmus <rekado@elephly.net>  
Simon Tournier <zimon.toutoune@gmail.com>  
Tobias Geerinckx-Rice <me@tobias.gr>  
jgart <jgart@dismail.de>
```